Oregon Callers in 2018 SULIDE

to the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline



In 2018, the Lifeline received

2.5 million

crisis calls from across

Of the 45,809 callers, 15,700 individuals pressed "1" to be transferred to the Veterans Crisis Line and 293 pressed "2" for Lifeline's Spanish Language Line.

> Ideally, the remaining 29,816 calls in 2018 would have been answered by Lifeline call centers in Oregon.

> > Of those, 24,346 calls (82%) were able to be answered in-state.

Which meant 5,470 callers in crisis were unable to be answered by Oregon call centers.

the United States

45,809 calls were from Oregon

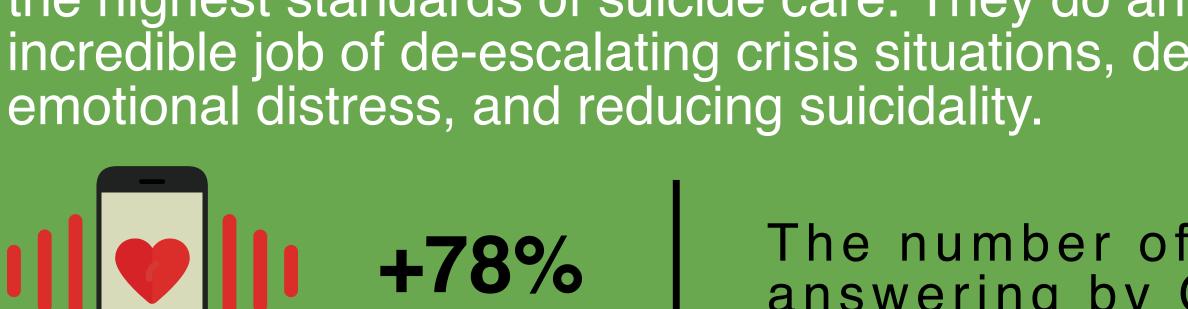
Established in 2005

the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline is the nation's most recognized suicide and mental health crisis line.

The Lifeline is not one large national call center. Instead, it is a network of 170 independently operated, independently funded local, regional, and state-level call centers. Currently there are 2 Lifeline-affiliated center in Oregon. They have the critical expertise and linkages to local resources that callers in crisis deserve.

In the event local centers are unable to answer, the Lifeline re-routes calls to backup centers in our network (both in and out-of-state).

To participate in the Lifeline network, centers operate to the highest standards of suicide care. They do an incredible job of de-escalating crisis situations, decreasing



+78%
The number of Lifeline calls that needed answering by Oregon call centers increased +78% from 2016 to 2018





In 2019, there are 2 Lifeline network call centers 2 in Oregon



- © Lines for Life (Portland)
- Northwest Human Services (Salem)

Why were only 82% of 2018's Lifeline calls in Oregon answered in-state?

Lifeline call centers set the hours and coverage areas for when and where they will take Lifeline calls. They do this based on funding and staffing levels.

Most Lifeline-affiliated call centers in the U.S. (including in Oregon) answer calls on other helplines in addition to the Lifeline. Despite their very best efforts, call volume can, at times, strain center capacity and callers may hang up while they wait for the next available counselor.

When local call centers are unable to answer, the Lifeline pulls the call back and sends it out of state and into our national backup center subnetwork.

When calls are re-routed to centers out-ofstate, Oregon callers in crisis wait longer, they receive fewer linkages to effective local care, and they are more likely to abandon their calls.



Proven effective; needing support

The Lifeline's hotline services have been shown by research to be effective, life-saving safety nets for those in crisis (Gould et al., 2007, 2013, 2015, 2017; Ramchand et al., 2016). According to a 2018 survey of Lifeline centers, almost 98% of the crisis calls are de-escalated such that costly, highly-restrictive responses from law enforcement and emergency medical services are not necessary.

The Lifeline is federally funded to manage the call routing, best practice standards, public messaging, capacity-building opportunities and technical assistance for its nationwide network. However, the funds that sustain our network's crisis centers come from state, county and local sources. Many of our network's centers are struggling to find enough funding and resources to operate and grow.

These call centers are key components of Oregon's city, regional and state behavioral health systems because they represent an entry point into other levels of coordinated care. They provide critical services for Oregon residents at serious risk, especially those with nowhere else to turn.

Oregon Lifeline centers need expanded support.

You can advocate for them.



Please join the cause!

Reach out to your local centers and decision-makers in Oregon.